French Curriculum

Intent

From Years 1 to Year 3, are pupils practice Makaton as an alternative means of communication. From Year 4 onwards the pupils are taught French.

The intent of our French curriculum is for our pupils to have fun beginning to learn a new language in which they gain key vocabulary, can ask and answers questions and can read, write and understand short sentences. They explore some cultural aspects of French life, know that French is spoken in other countries and can appreciate the similarities and differences between UK life and life in another European country. The emphasis is on speaking, listening, singing and games.

Our curriculum is based on the original National Curriculum QCA units.

Overview

YEAR 4	YEAR 5	YEAR 6
QCA 7	QCA 14	QCA 22
On y va	Je suis le musicien	Le passé et le
(TLM level 2 module		présent
5 for countries and		
transport)		
QCA 8	QCA 15	QCA 23
L'argent de poche	En route pour	Au parc d'attractions
	l'école.	
QCA 9	QCA 16	QCA 24
Raconte-moi une	Scène de Plage	Quoi de neuf?
histoire!		
La belle or bbc dvd		
traditional tales.		
QCA 10	QCA 17	Review QCA 9
Vive le sport!	Le retour du	Raconte-moi une
	Printemps	histoire!
		Or other unit from
		previous years

QCA 11	QCA 18	Review QCA 11
Le carnival des	les planètes	Le carnival des
animaux		animaux
		Or other unit from
		previous years
QCA 12	QCA 19	Review QCA12
Quel temps fait-il	Notre école	Quel temps fait-il
		Or other unit from
		previous years
QCA 13	QCA 20	QCA 21
Bon appétit, bonne	Notre monde	Monter un café
sante		End of year French
		café event
Review	Review	

Units of Work

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
4	On y va (QCA 7) • Travel • Weather	 0 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text 0 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases 0 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm 0 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics L 4.1 Read and understand a range of familiar written phrases L 4.2 Follow a short familiar text, listening and reading at the same time L 4.3 Read some familiar words and phrases aloud and pronounce them accurately L 4.4. Write simple words and phrases using a model and some words from memory IU 4.4 To learn about ways of travelling to the country/countries 	 recognise the phrases for modes of transport say how they get to school. locate some countries where French is spoken imitate the pronunciation of sounds say the names of some francophone countries recognise that many languages are spoken in the UK and across the world say where they would like to go say the names of some towns and cities in France use a physical response to show they understand specific words and phrases make sentences using two ideas understand that there are different ways of getting to countries, depending on their location read and understand an email in French write to a travel agent saying where, when and how they are travelling 	Je vais à l'école I go to school à pied on foot en voiture by car en vélo by bike en bus by bus Où vas-tu? Where are you going? Je vais l'm going en Belgique to Belgium en France to France Il fait chaud It is hot Il fait chaud It is hot Il fait froid It is cold Il fait beau It is fine Il fait mauvais It is bad weather Il fait du soleil It is sunny Il fait du vent It is windy Il pleut It is raining	 Use French for real purposes to communicate information. Children use a writing frame to compose their own email. .

Year 4

Year U: Group	Init Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
pc (Q Ex op ab an L T T m 11 to lil	Arrangent de oche QCA 8) Expressing pinions bout likes nd dislikes. Linked to Tout le nonde level module 4 to recap Ekes and Lislikes.	 O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. O 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics practise asking and answering questions with a partner devise and perform simple role-plays. 	 Respond to the question <i>Tu aimes ça</i>? Say whether they like something or not Ask and answer the question <i>Tu aimes ça</i>? Say whether they really like something or not Know the sounds that French children make to show that they like or don't like something Can recognise and say numbers 1–39 Understand that people use different currencies in different countries Say how much something costs in euros Say something is good Say that they would like something Use effective language for an advertisement Understand that language is used differently depending on the speaker and the audience 	J'adore I love Je déteste ça I hate that. vingt et un, vingt-deux, vingt- trois, vingt-quatre, vingt-cinq, vingt-six, vingt-sept, vingt-huit, vingt-neuf, trente C'est combien? How much is it? un euro one euro C'est super It's great, magnifique, , magnificent, fantastique fantastic Je n'ai pas de I don't have miam, miam! yum! berk! yuck! pour mon anniversaire for my birthday un CD a CD un football a football une console a games console une peluche a soft toy une poupée a doll génial, brilliant/great hyper-cool, cool nul useless Tu aimes ça? Do you like that?	• Use effective language for an advertisement • Understand that language is used differently depending on the speaker and the audience

Year	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
Group		language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)			
4	Raconte-moi une histoire! (QCA 9) Responding to a song Giving instructions. Use 'La Belle'	 O 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. 	 Recognise and say key words in a song understand that stories from different cultures may be similar Hear the <i>r</i> sound in French words and phrases Understand and respond to classroom instructions in French Understand that verbs change when giving an order in French Can recognise multiples of 10 up to 100 Respond to multiples of 10 and say them in chorus Recognise adjectives and nouns in French Apply simple agreements to adjectives Write simple sentences with support Sing a French song and act out the story Perform the story in front of an audience Recall and describe the agreement between nouns and adjectives 	Regardez Look Répétez Repeat Ecoutez Listen, quarante 40 cinquante 50, soixante 60 soixante-dix 70, quatre-vingts 80 quatre-vingt-dix 90, cent 100 II/Elle est He/She is grand/e big (masculine/feminine) petit/e small (m/f) vrai true, faux false le prince the prince la belle Sleeping Beauty, la méchante fée the wicked fairy, la haie d'épines the hedge of thorns. Ouvre les yeux Open your eyes. Tu dors cent ans You will sleep for 100 years charmant/e charming méchant/e wicked Levez-vous Stand up Asseyez-vous Sit down Levez la main / le doigt Put your hand/finger up Taisez-vous/Tais-toi Be quiet (plural/singular) Prends garde à toi Watch out	• Tell a story effectively • Perform in front of an audience

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
4	Vive le sport! (QCA 10) Healthy foods and drinks Linked to Tout le monde level 3module 5 for healthy eating. Level 2 module 3 pastimes	 0 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. 0 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. 0 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics L 4.1 Read and understand a range of familiar written phrases L 4.3 Read some familiar words and phrases aloud and pronounce them accurately L 4.4. Write simple words and phrases using a model and some words from memory IU 4.2 Know about some aspects of everyday life and compare them to their own 	 understand the phrases for different sports in French recognise some of these phrases in written form remember the names of some sports name some food and drinks talk about how they remember words and phrases read and recognise the names of some food and drink spell some words for food and drink say whether they think something is healthy or unhealthy say the days of the week understand the layout of a French diary listen to and understand the content of a diary when read aloud write simple words for memory design an effective poster to communicate how to lead a healthy lifestyle 	 Qu'est-ce que tu fais (lundi)? Je joue au tennis / au cricket /au basket Je fais du vélo / du skate / de la danse / de la natation zero le jus d'orange, le yaourt, le poisson, une pomme, les carottes le chocolat, le coca, les pommes frites, les bonbons Oui, c'est bon pour la santé Non, c'est mauvais pour la santé 	• design an effective poster to communicate how to lead a healthy lifestyle

Year	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about</i>	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
Group		language(KaL) Lang & Learning strategies (LLS)			
4	Le Carnaval des Animaux (QCA 11) Animals and their habitats Linked to Tout le monde level 3 module 2 for unit	 O 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. O 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics practise asking and answering questions with a partner devise and perform simple role-plays. 5.1 Prepare and practise a simple conversation, reusing familiar vocabulary and structures in new contexts 	 Name some animals Give a physical response to something they hear Recognise some words to describe the music Understand the time Understand and say a number of adjectives Understand the agreement of simple nouns and adjectives Pronounce the feminine form of some adjectives appropriately Understand the use of the apostrophe with the article before a noun beginning with a vowel Say the names of some habitats Say where some animals live Understand simple role-plays Ask and answer questions on different topics Perform in front of an audience* Extension: Introduce Je suis to enable children to say, for example, Je suis féroce. Some children may prefer to perform a shorter dialogue or do a dance with some dialogue interspersed. More confident children will be able to prepare an extended dialogue. 	Où habites-tu? Where do you live? J'habite dans I live in rapide quick lent slow rapidement quickly lentement slowly doucement softly fort strong, loud(ly) Quelle heure est-il? What's the time? une heure, deux heures, trois one o'clock, etc heures, quatre heures, cinq heures, six heures, sept heures, huit heures, neuf heures, dix heures, onze heures, douze heures Additional language for this unit le lion the lion le coq the cock le kangourou the kangaroo le poisson the fish le coucou the cuckoo l'éléphant (m) the elephant l'âne (m) the donkey l'oiseau (m) the bird la tortue the tortoise la poule the hen le cygne the swan timide timid féroce fierce plat flat C'est l'heure du carnaval! It's carnival time! la savane the savanna la forêt the forest la mer the sea une ferme a farm	 Children work in groups or pairs. They take on animal roles and work out dialogues using questions and answers, eg A) Bonjour! B) Bonjour! B) Bonjour! A) Comment tu t'appelles? B) Je m'appelle Lion. Comment tu t'appelles? A) Je m'appelle Oiseau. Quel âge as-tu? B) J'ai 8 ans. A) J'ai une soeur. B) J'ai un frère. A) J'habite dans la forêt. B) J'habite dans la savane. A) Quelle heure est-il? B) Cinq heures.

		(Together) C'est l'heure
		du carnaval!

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about</i> <i>language</i> (<i>KaL</i>) <i>Lang &Learning strategies</i> (<i>LLS</i>)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
4 (#6)	Quel temp fait-il? (QCA 12) What's the weather like? Weather Clothing	 O 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. O 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics practise asking and answering questions with a partner devise and perform simple role-plays. L 4.1 Read and understand a range of familiar written phrases L 4.2 Follow a short familiar text, listening and reading at the same time. L 4.3 Read some familiar words and phrases aloud and pronounce them accurately 	 repeat words and phrases spoken by someone use mime and gesture to express what they mean use physical response to show they Understand recognise numbers to 40 when someone says them aloud pronounce numbers to 40 with reasonable accuracy memorise a rhyme repeat words and phrases spoken by someone use mime and gesture to express what they mean use physical response to show they Understand read and understand a range of familiar written phrases use their knowledge of grammar to build sentences understand the main points of a report give a weather report describing the day, date, weather and appropriate clothing 	Il neige It's snowing Il gèle It's freezing Quand il te faut When you need moins minus Iundi 5 juin, etc Monday 5th June, etc Ie 5 juin, etc the 5th June, etc Additional language for this unit un manteau a coat un chapeau a hat un parapluie an umbrella une écharpe a scarf des gants gloves des bottes boots des lunettes de soleil sunglasses Additional language for teachers Qu'est-ce qu'il te faut? What do you need? Il fait quelle temperature? What temperature is it? Quelle est la date? What's the date? Voici la météo Here is the weather report aujourd'hui today	• Children work in groups or pairs. give a weather report describing the day, date, weather and appropriate clothing

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
	Unit Title Bon appétit! Enjoy your meal! QCA 13 • Food and drink • Understanding instructions • Giving instructions		 Learning Outcome make statements in the perfect tense (past) Perfect tense: manger (j'ai mangé, tu as mangé); use tone of voice to help convey meaning identify similarities and differences in everyday life agree and disagree with statements understand and express likes and dislikes ask and answer questions use simple connectives to make compound sentences with connectives <i>et</i> and <i>mais</i> use word cards or word lists to create phrases and sentences create compound sentences using word and phrase cards use a physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific phrases talk about traditions that affect people's lives and compare the similarities and differences understand the main points from spoken language that includes unfamiliar language identify key language in a non-fiction text understand the main points of spoken language that includes unfamiliar language read a non-fiction text choose words, phrases and sentences and write them 	Core Language J'ai mangé I ate J'ai bu I drank Tu as mangé (une banane)? Did you eat (a banana)? et and mais but un sandwich a sandwich un gâteau a cake une banane a banana une crêpe a pancake du fromage some cheese de la salade some salad de l'eau (f) some water des chips (m plural) some crisps Additional language de la sauce caramel toffee sauce Mettez Put Faites Make Ajoutez Add Mélangez Mix Versez Pour Laissez cuire Leave to cook Faites sauter Flip prêt(e) ready	End Product • use French for real purposes to give instructions for making a crêpe
		culture with those of another country	 into a gapped text use a bilingual dictionary or word list The use of <i>du</i>, <i>de la</i>, <i>de l</i>' Plural nouns with <i>les</i> and <i>des</i> Imperatives: <i>vous</i> form of some regular and irregular verbs 	Additional language for teachers <i>Qu'est-ce que tu as</i> What have you got as a snack? <i>comme goûter?</i> <i>Tu as (une banane)?</i> Have you got (a banana)? <i>Tu aimes (les bananes)?</i> Do you like (bananas)?	

	<i>Tu as bu (de l'eau)?</i> Did you drink (water)?	

Year 5

Year	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
Group				6 6	
	Unit Title Je suis le musician (QCA 14) Responding to a song in French I am the music man song	 Oracy Objectives (o) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS) O 5.1 Prepare and practise a simple conversation, reusing familiar vocabulary and structures in new contexts focus on correct pronunciation and intonation ask and answer questions use tone of voice and gesture to help to convey meaning. O 5.2 Understand and express simple opinions agree and disagree with statements understand and express like and dislikes. O 5.3 Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences understand the main points from speech which includes unfamiliar language. O 5.4 Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic remember, retain and recall words, phrases and sentences memorise and present a set of instructions. L5.3 To write words, phrases and short sentences using a reference KAL To understand and use negatives LLS To use a dictionary or a word list L5.2 To make simple sentences and short texts IUS.3 To compare symbols, objects or products which represent their own culture with those of another country LLS To integrate new language into previously learnt language 	 Learning Outcome Express likes and dislikes Use the known phrases <i>J'aime</i> and <i>Je n'aime pas</i> in a new context Use adjectives to express simple opinions Identify a short spoken text by matching written phrases and sentences to what they hear Recognise how some aspects of music may be specific to a country or culture Put a conversation into the correct sequence Use rhythm as an aid to memorization Join in a short conversation, asking and answering questions Recall words, phrases and sentences to perform a rap Perform a rap with confidence And clarity 	Core Language un saxophone a saxophone un piano a piano un violon a violin une guitare a guitar une clarinette a clarinet une trompette a trumpet la batterie the drums Je vais jouer du / de la I am going to play the Je vais chanter I am going to sing C'est génial! It's brilliant! C'est nul/affreux/ennuyeux! It's rubbish/awful/boring! la musique jazz jazz music la musique reggae reggae music la musique classique classical music la musique folklorique folk music la musique anglaise, française, English, French, africaine African music	 Join in a short conversation, asking and answering questions Perform a rap with confidence and clarity

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about language</i> (<i>KaL</i>) <i>Lang &Learning strategies</i> (<i>LLS</i>)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
5 (#2)	En route pour l'ecole (QCA 15) On the way to school The alphabet Places in the locality Directions	 O 5.3 Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences understand the main points from speech which includes unfamiliar language. O 5.4 Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic remember, retain and recall words, phrases and sentences memorise and present a set of instructions. L5.1 Re-read frequently a variety of short texts L5.2 Make simple sentences and short teaxts L5.3 To write words, phrases and short sentences using a reference IU5.1 Look at further aspects of their everyday lives from the perspective of someone from another country 	 pick out key words when listening to a short text read and understand a selection of sentences on a familiar topic use strategies to aid memorisation identify similarities and differences in journeys to school recognise if a statement is true or false pick out key words when listening identify and pronounce the names of some places in the locality create oral sentences using picture prompts understand language that includes unfamiliar phrases write words, phrases and sentences using a model combine their language and communication skills to create a short presentation of their journey to school 	Il ya there is/there are Quand je vais à l'écolewhen I go to school Je passé devant I pass in front of Cinq minutes plus tard 5 mins later Finalement finally Puis then ensuite next À droite (to/on the) right Àgauche (to/on the) left Tout droit straight ahead Je ne comprends pas I do not understand Répétez, s'il vous plait repeat please Un magasin a shop Un café a café Un muse a museum Un passafe pour piétons a pedestrian crossing Une poste Une rivière Une gare a train station Une église a church Je traverse I cross Après ça after that	• prepare a presentation about their route to school.

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about language</i> (<i>KaL</i>) <i>Lang &Learning strategies</i> (<i>LLS</i>)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
5 (#3)	(3) Scene de plage (QCA 16) Responding to a painting Writing and performing a poem	 O 5.2 Understand and express simple opinions agree and disagree with statements understand and express like and dislikes. O 5.3 Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences understand the main points from speech which includes unfamiliar language. memorise and present a set of instructions. L 5.1 Re-read frequently a variety of short texts L5.2 To make simple sentences and short texts L 5.3 To write words, phrases and short sentences using a reference IU 5.2 Recognise similarities and differences between places LLS To integrate new language into previously learnt language LLS To use a dictionary or a word list 	 listen for and correctly identify specific words and phrases use previous knowledge and context to determine the meaning of new vocabulary pronounce short phrases with sufficient accuracy to relay information to others recall, retain and use words, phrases and sentences with increasing accuracy use actions and mime to aid memorization write words, phrases and sentences using a model understand how a simple sentence is written identify features of beaches in the UK and abroad identify key features of a spoken and written text choose words, phrases and sentences to create a poem 	(Le chien) regarde (The dog) is watching (Le bateau) glisse (The boat) is gliding along (La petite fille) dort (The little girl) is sleeping (La dame) brosse (les cheveux (The lady) is brushing (the little de la petite fille) girl's hair) C'est It is Ce n'est pas It is not (Instructions are given in the familiar/singular form) prends take ajoute add mélange mix décore decorate laisse leave le sable the sand le ciel the sky le bateau the boat la plage the beach la mer the sea une baie a bay une falaise a cliff une grotte a cave des coquillages (m plural) pebbles	read their poetry to an audience

Year	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about</i>	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
Group		language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)			
5 (#4)	(4) Le Retour du Printemps (QCA 17) Responding to a poem Responding to a Greek myth Linked to Tout le monde level 4 module 2 for seasons	 0 5.1 Prepare and practise a simple conversation, reusing familiar vocabulary and structures in new contexts focus on correct pronunciation and intonation ask and answer questions use tone of voice and gesture to help to convey meaning. 0 5.2 Understand and express simple opinions agree and disagree with statements understand and express like and dislikes. 0 5.3 Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences understand the main points from speech which includes unfamiliar language. 0 5.4 Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic remember, retain and recall words, phrases and sentences memorise and present a set of instructions. L 5.1 Re-read frequently a variety of short texts L5.3 To write words, phrases and short sentences using a reference 	 pick out key words when listening to a song remember how to write the date create sentences linking months to seasons pick out detail from spoken sentences build sentences about an event in the past using text cards identify key features of a spoken and written text choose words, phrases and sentences for a class poem understand expressions of like and dislike select adjectives to describe seasons ask and answer questions memorise a rhyme and repeat this with correct pronunciation and intonation use tone of voice to help convey meaning use tone of voice and gesture to convey meaning 	<i>l'hiver</i> (m) winter <i>le printemps</i> spring <i>l'été</i> (m) summer <i>l'automne</i> (m) autumn <i>au printemps</i> in spring <i>en été/automne/hiver</i> in summer/autumn/winter <i>Il faisait beau, etc</i> It was good weather, etc <i>clair</i> light <i>sombre</i> dark <i>heureux</i> happy <i>triste</i> sad <i>J'ai visité</i> I visited <i>coloré</i> colourful <i>fade</i> dull <i>agité</i> excited <i>calme</i> calm <i>rigolo</i> funny <i>sérieux</i> serious <i>Viens/Reste chez moi</i> Come to / Stay (singular) with me <i>Les couleurs sont</i> The colours are <i>Tape les mains / les pieds</i> Clap (singular) your faet <i>la prairie</i> the meadow <i>l'étang</i> (m) the pond <i>un écureuil</i> a squirrel <i>une grenouille</i> a frog <i>une hirondelle</i> a swallow	 memorise a rhyme and repeat this with correct pronunciation and intonation use tone of voice and gesture to convey meaning Children perform to an audience. Film or photograph this with a digital camera. Children involved in the performance could store the film on their personal space on a learning platform, to celebrate their achievement and to record it as evidence of progress.

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge</i> <i>about language</i> (<i>KaL</i>) <i>Lang &Learning</i> <i>strategies</i> (<i>LLS</i>)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
5 (#5)	Les planètes (QCA 18) The planets	 O 5.3 Listen attentively and understand more complex phrases and sentences • understand the main points from speech which includes unfamiliar language. O 5.4 Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic • remember, retain and recall words, phrases and sentences L5.2 To make simple sentences and short texts L5.3 To write words, phrases and short sentences using a reference 	say new words with accurate pronunciation and intonation • use clues to help themselves understand and remember new words • ask and answer questions about the planets • identify word classes • write a picture caption to describe a planet • understand the main points from speech that contains unfamiliar language • ask and answer questions on a given topic • make a sentence using word cards and read it aloud • make a compound sentence • remember, retain and recall words, phrases and sentencess • choose words, phrases and sentences and write them as picture captions • use a reference source to check the spellings of familiar words	<i>la Terre</i> the Earth <i>la lune</i> the moon <i>un nom</i> a noun <i>un nom propre</i> a proper noun <i>un adjectif</i> an adjective parce que because elle it (feminine) / she près de (près du soleil) near (near the sun) <i>loin de (loin du soleil)</i> far from (far from the sun) assez quite Mercure Mercury Vénus Venus Mars Mars Jupiter Jupiter Saturne Saturn Uranus Uranus Neptune Neptune Pluton Pluto Additional language for teachers Associez/Associe un jour Match (plural/singular) a day à une planète with a planet Soulignez/Souligne Underline (plural/singular) Décrivez/Décris Describe (plural/singular) le diable à ressort the jack-in-the-box <i>ici</i> here Je pense à I'm thinking of C'est quelle planète? Which planet is it? Pourquoi? Why? Pierre, feuille, ciseaux Stone, Paper, Scissors	 present their work with confidence and clarity produce a booklet for others to read listen to and read the work of others

Year Unit Title Group	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
 5 Notre écci (#6) (QCA 19) Our scho Places around th school Everyda school routines School subjects Telling time Linked t Tout le monde le 4 module school vocab an daily routine. 	 e 0 6.3 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences re-tell using familiar language a sequence of events from a spoken passage, containing complex sentences understand and express reasons understand the gist of spoken passages containing complex sentences eg descriptions, information, instructions. O 6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories participate in simple conversations on familiar topics describe incidents or tell stories from their own experience, in an audible voice. L 6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage L 6.4 Write sentences on a range of topics using a model 	 tell the time on the half-hour recognise similarities and differences in attitudes among children from different cultures use knowledge of words, text and structure to make sentences about their school work out meaning using a range of clues use a dictionary to cross-check English Meanings write a short text to describe different areas of the school recognise some similarities and differences between French and English schools tell the time on the hour, half-hour and quarter-hour give information about their school day using times of the day and names of subjects ask and answer questions about a school timetable understand and say some school subjects listen attentively and understand key details from a spoken passage 	 Il est midi/minuit Il est une heure et demie / Il est deux heures et demie, etc Il est deux heures et quart / Il est deux heures moins le quart Il est quatorze heures trente le terrain de sport la salle de classe la cour les toilettes (f pl) la récré J'ai joué J'ai aidé J'ai chanté le dessin le sport le français la géographie la technologie l'anglais (m) l'histoire (f) les sciences (f pl) 	 Children present their activity diaries to the rest of the class. construct short texts in the perfect tense present information in a variety of ways

	using word cards	

Year	Unit	Oracy Objectives (o) Literacy(L) Knowledge	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
Group	Title	about language(KaL) Lang &Learning			
5 (#7)	Notre monde (QCA 20) Our world • A contrasti ng, French- speaking locality • travel • weather reports	 strategies (LLS) O 6.1 Understand the main points and simple opinions in a spoken story, song or passage listen attentively, re-tell and discuss the main ideas• agree or disagree with statements made about a spoken passage. O 6.2 Perform to an audience recite a short piece of narrative either from memory or by reading aloud from text develop a sketch, role-play or presentation and perform to the class or an assembly. O 6.3 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences re-tell using familiar language a sequence of events from a spoken passage, containing complex sentences• understand and express reasons• understand the gist of spoken passages containing complex sentences eg descriptions, information, instructions. O 6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories participate in simple conversations on familiar topics• describe incidents or tell stories from their own experience, in an audible voice. L 6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage L 6.2 Identify different text types and read short, authentic texts for enjoyment or information L 6.3 Match sound to sentences and paragraphs 	 understand and name the continents name some countries are aware of features of a particular area such as weather and animals understand short written passages about continents investigate weather in some French speaking African countries understand and give descriptions of the weather create a weather report using presentation software recognise, understand and use language about animals and where they live recognise masculine and feminine nouns with the indefinite article know how to make the plural of the indefinite article ask and answer the question <i>Il y a</i>? read a text and find true and false information alter a text appropriately create a performance from a written text understand and describe key features of a country or place ask, respond to and read questions and statements about geographical Features understand a description of another country describe some key features of another country write a simple description of key features of another country express similarities and differences between places have knowledge of some cultural 	l'Europe (f) Europe l'Afrique (f) Africa Où est? Where is? des some (indefinite plural) le matin the morning l'après-midi (m or f) the afternoon le Portugal Portugal le Sénégal Senegal le Brésil Brazil le Canada Canada l'Inde (f) India l'Australie (f) Australia le Maroc Morocco le Mali Mali la Guinée Guinea la Tunisie Tunisia l'Amérique du Sud (f) South America l'Amérique du Nord (f) North America l'Asie (f) Asia l'Australasie (f) Australasia le condor the condor un tigre / des tigres a tiger / tigers un loup / des loups a wolf / wolves un serpent / des serpents a snake / un rat / des rats a rat / rats un lézard / des lézards a lizard / lizards une giraffe / des giraffes a giraffe / des poules (f) hens des tortues (f) tortoises des hirondelles (f) swallows un volcan / des volcans a volcano / un désert / des glaciers a glacier / une montagne / des montagnes a mountain / mountains une vallée / des vallées a valley / valleys des mers (f) seas des savanes (f) savannas des plages (f) beaches	 construct short texts to convey information about a location present information in a variety of ways

L 0.4 White sentences on a range of topics	differences and similarities between countriesconstruct a short, persuasive text	<i>des forêts (f)</i> forests <i>des rivières f)</i> river	
<i>IU 6.3 Present information about an aspect of culture</i>	-		

<u>Year 6</u>

Year Unit Title Group	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
	strategies (LLS)			
 6 Le passé et le présent (QCA 22) Then and now • comparison of modern day settlements with those from a period in the past. • descriptions of a town • writing a guide for tourists Linked to Tout le monde level 3 module 1 for places around town and module 4 for numbers 	 O 6.1 Understand the main points and simple opinions in a spoken story, song or passage listen attentively, re-tell and discuss the main ideas agree or disagree with statements made about a spoken passage. O 6.2 Perform to an audience recite a short piece of narrative either from memory or by reading aloud from text develop a sketch, role-play or presentation and perform to the class or an assembly. O 6.3 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences re-tell using familiar language a sequence of events from a spoken passage, containing complex sentences understand and express reasons understand the gist of spoken passages containing complex sentences eg descriptions, information, instructions. O 6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories participate in simple conversations on familiar topics describe incidents or tell stories from their own experience, in an audible voice. L 6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage L 6.4 Write sentences on a range of topics using a model 	 recognise key places in a town say the names of some places found in a town ask questions about places in a town make statements about places in a town use intonation to add interest to their speech recall numbers to 39 and multiples of 10 up to 100 use higher numbers confidently understand and say the year in French. understand and write compound statements about a town understand and use the third person singular of <i>avoir</i> in the past and present tenses use language learning strategies and knowledge about language to understand a written text recognise and practise masculine and feminine agreements of adjectives recognise and understand the third person singular of the verb <i>être</i> in the past tense understand and use <i>beaucoup de</i> and <i>peu de</i> in sentences pick out the main points from spoken and written texts about a town work in a group to organise and create a leaflet about their town in the past consolidate new and known language construct a short presentation that contains descriptions 	Core language <i>le/un supermarché</i> the/a supermarket <i>la/une charcuterie</i> the/a delicatessen (meat) <i>la/une boulangerie</i> the/a bakery <i>la/une boucherie</i> the/a butcher's <i>la/une pâtisserie</i> the/a cake shop <i>la/une poissonnerie</i> the/a fishmonger <i>l'/une épicerie</i> the/a grocer's <i>Il y avait</i> There was <i>C'était</i> It was <i>aujourd'hui</i> today <i>soixante-et-onze</i> , 71, 72, 73, etc <i>soixante-douze</i> , <i>soixante-treize</i> , etc <i>quatre-vingt-un</i> , 81, 82, 83, etc <i>quatre-vingt-deux</i> , <i>quatre-vingt-douze</i> , <i>quatre-vingt-douze</i> , <i>quatre-vingt-treize</i> , etc <i>mille</i> thousand <i>beaucoup de</i> a lot (of) <i>peu de</i> few Additional language for this unit <i>animé(e)</i> lively (m/f) <i>calme</i> calm <i>beau/belle</i> beautiful (m/f) <i>moderne</i> modern <i>vieux/vieille</i> old (m/f) <i>moche</i> ugly Additional language for teachers <i>Il n'y avait pas de</i> There wasn't/weren't any	make a short presentation, either from memory or by reading aloud from the text. Give children the opportunity to present their to one another in groups or pairs and to evaluate each other's work.

IU 6.1 Compare attitudes towards aspects of everyday	• listen attentively to a spoken passage	Il/elle est né(e) en He/she was born in	
life	• make a short presentation, either		
IU 6.3 Present information about an aspect of culture	from memory or by reading aloud		
	from the text		

Year	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about language</i> (<i>KaL</i>) <i>Lang &Learning strategies</i> (<i>LLS</i>)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End
Group 6			• understand and say numbers	Core language	• make a
6	Au parc d'attractions (QCA 23) At the theme park • Entertainment • Money	 O 6.1 Understand the main points and simple opinions in a spoken story, song or passage listen attentively, re-tell and discuss the main ideas agree or disagree with statements made about a spoken passage. O 6.2 Perform to an audience recite a short piece of narrative either from memory or by reading aloud from text develop a sketch, role-play or presentation and perform to the class or an assembly. O 6.3 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences re-tell using familiar language a sequence of events from a spoken passage, containing complex sentences understand and express reasons understand the gist of spoken passages containing complex sentences eg descriptions, information, instructions. O 6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories participate in simple conversations on familiar topics describe incidents or tell stories from their own experience, in an audible voice. L 6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage L 6.4 Write sentences on a range of topics using a model IU 6.3 Present information about an aspect of culture 	 understand and say numbers 50 to 100 ask the price of a theme park ride understand and say a price in euros take part in a short role play provide written information using a simple planning sheet express a preference using <i>c'était</i> build compound sentences using <i>parce que</i> devise strategies for learning new vocabulary compare aspects of entertainment in England and France or a Frenchspeaking country use a dictionary to find new words listen attentively, understand and discuss key information in a short text listen to and understand the main points and some detail from a short spoken passage reconstitute a paragraph using text cards read a paragraph aloud with confidence, enjoyment and expression identify phrases about the past develop a short text using a model 	Core language un parc d'attractions a theme park passionnant exciting terrifiant frightening rapide fast sensationnel amazing marrant funny Je suis allé (m); Je suis allée (f) I went J'ai pris le train fantôme I went for a ride on the ghost train J'ai vu I saw J'ai entendu I heard Additional language for this unit le grand huit the rollercoaster le carrousel the merry-go-round le train fantôme the ghost train la grande roue the big wheel une entrée pour one ticket for taille minimum minimum height âge minimum minimum age Il faut mesurer cm You must be cm tall Il faut avoir ans You must be years old un squelette a skeleton un hibou an owl un loup a wolf une porte a door des chaînes chains des rats rats On va visiter un parc We are going to visit a d'attractions theme park les attractions (f) the (theme park) rides mon attraction préférée (f) my favourite ride	• make a presentation to an audience or in front of a camera

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
6	Quoi de neuf? What's in the news? (QCA 24) • celebration and consolidation of learning • Looking at French newspapers. • Writing a newspaper article	 0 6.2 Perform to an audience recite a short piece of narrative either from memory or by reading aloud from text develop a sketch, role-play or presentation and perform to the class or an assembly. 0 6.3 Understand longer and more complex phrases or sentences re-tell using familiar language a sequence of events from a spoken passage, containing complex sentences understand and express reasons understand the gist of spoken passages containing complex sentences eg descriptions, information, instructions. 0 6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories participate in simple conversations on familiar topics describe incidents or tell stories from their own experience, in an audible voice. L 6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage L 6.2Identify different text types and read short, authentic texts for enjoyment or information L 6.3 Match sound to sentences and paragraphs L 6.4 Write sentences on a range of topics using a model 	 make comparisons between English and French sources of news recognise a variety of texts in a newspaper apply phonic knowledge to sound out the written word share strategies for coping with new language or challenging texts read and understand opinion phrases recognise the importance of tone of voice when giving an opinion recognise a positive or negative opinion state an opinion use a dictionary to aid comprehension express a spoken opinion about news work as a team to agree on and offer an opinion ask a question to obtain an opinion understand an opinion offered by someone else create a written sentence to describe an opinion answer the question 'why'? and give reasons talk about their favourite newspaper columns read and respond to a text listen attentively ask and answer questions about personal information construct a written presentation or article to give personal information apply most words correctly present information in a variety of ways 	Core language la rubrique météo the weather column la rubrique mode the fashion column la rubrique cuisine the cookery column C'est intéressant / It is interesting / beau / trop long beautiful / too long car as/since à mon/son avis in my/his/her opinion Additional language for this unit la rubrique actualités the current events column Additional language for teachers le journal / les journaux the newspaper/newspapers un sondage a survey pourquoi? why?	• present information in a variety of ways

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (0) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang & Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
6 recap unit	Raconte-moi une histoire! (QCA 9) Responding to a song Giving instructions. Use 'La Belle'	 O 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. 	 Recognise and say key words in a song understand that stories from different cultures may be similar Hear the <i>r</i> sound in French words and phrases Understand and respond to classroom instructions in French Understand that verbs change when giving an order in French Can recognise multiples of 10 up to 100 Respond to multiples of 10 and say them in chorus Recognise adjectives and nouns in French Apply simple agreements to adjectives Write simple sentences with support Recognise adjectives and nouns in French Apply simple agreements to adjectives Write simple sentences with support • Sing a French song and act out the story Perform the story in front of an audience Recall and describe the agreement between nouns and adjectives 	Regardez Look Répétez Repeat Ecoutez Listen, quarante 40 cinquante 50, soixante 60 soixante-dix 70, quatre- vingts 80 quatre-vingt-dix 90, cent 100 Il/Elle est He/She is grand/e big (masculine/feminine) petit/e small (m/f) vrai true, faux false le prince the prince la belle Sleeping Beauty, la méchante fée the wicked fairy, la haie d'épines the hedge of thorns. Ouvre les yeux Open your eyes. Tu dors cent ans You will sleep for 100 years charmant/e charming méchant/e wicked Levez-vous Stand up Asseyez-vous Sit down Levez la main / le doigt Put your hand/finger up Taisez-vous/Tais-toi Be quiet (plural/singular) Prends garde à toi Watch out	• Tell a story effectively • Perform in front of an audience

Year	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (o) Literacy(L) Knowledge about	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
Group		language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)			
6 recap unit	(4) Le Carnaval des Animaux (QCA 11) Animals and their habitats	 O 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. O 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics practise asking and answering questions with a partner devise and perform simple role-plays. 5.1 Prepare and practise a simple conversation, reusing familiar vocabulary and structures in new contexts 	 Name some animals Give a physical response to something they hear Name some animals Recognise some words to describe the music Understand the time Understand and say a number of adjectives Understand the agreement of simple nouns and adjectives Pronounce the feminine form of some adjectives appropriately Understand the use of the apostrophe with the article before a noun beginning with a vowel Understand that French adjectives agree with the noun they describe Say the names of some habitats Say where some animals live Understand simple role-plays Ask and answer questions on different topics Perform in front of an audience• Extension: Introduce Je suis to enable children to say, for example, Je suis féroce. Some children may prefer to perform a shorter dialogue or do a dance with some dialogue interspersed. More confident children will be able to prepare an extended dialogue. Perform 	Où habites-tu? Where do you live? J'habite dans I live in rapide quick lent slow rapidement quickly lentement slowly doucement softly fort strong, loud(ly) Quelle heure est-il? What's the time? une heure, deux heures, trois one o'clock, etc heures, quatre heures, cinq heures, six heures, sept heures, huit heures, neuf heures, dix heures, onze heures, douze heures Additional language for this unit le lion the lion le coq the cock le kangourou the kangaroo le poisson the fish le coucou the cuckoo l'éléphant (m) the elephant l'âne (m) the donkey l'oiseau (m) the bird la tortue the tortoise la poule the hen le cygne the swan timide timid féroce fierce plat flat C'est l'heure du carnaval! It's carnival time! la savane the savanna la forêt the forest la mer the sea une ferme a farm	 Children work in groups or pairs. They take on animal roles and work out dialogues using questions and answers, eg A) Bonjour! B) Bonjour! B) Bonjour! B) Bonjour! A) Comment tu t'appelles? B) Je m'appelle Lion. Comment tu t'appelles? A) Je m'appelle Comment tu t'appelles? A) Je m'appelle Oiseau. Quel âge as-tu? B) J'ai 8 ans. A) J'ai une soeur. B) J'ai ans. A) J'ai une frère. A) J'habite dans la forêt. B) J'habite dans la savane. A) Quelle heure est-il? B) Cinq heures.

		(Together) C'est l'heure
		du carnaval!

Year Group	Unit Title	Oracy Objectives (<i>o</i>) <i>Literacy</i> (<i>L</i>) <i>Knowledge about language</i> (<i>KaL</i>) <i>Lang &Learning strategies</i> (<i>LLS</i>)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
6 Recap unit	Quel temp fait-il? (QCA 12) What's the weather like? Weather clothing	 O 4.1 Memorise and present a short spoken text learn finger rhymes, poems or a non-fiction text learn and say several sentences on a topic. O 4.2 Listen for specific words and phrases listen with care use physical response to show recognition and understanding of specific words and phrases. O 4.3 Listen for sounds, rhyme and rhythm identify specific sounds e.g. rhymes, letters, phonemes, words compare different sounds. O 4.4 Ask and answer questions on several topics practise asking and answering questions with a partner devise and perform simple role-plays. L 4.1 Read and understand a range of familiar written phrases L 4.2 Follow a short familiar text, listening and reading at the same time. L 4.3 Read some familiar words and phrases aloud and pronounce them accurately 	 repeat words and phrases spoken by someone use mime and gesture to express what they mean use physical response to show they understand recognise numbers to 40 when someone says them aloud pronounce numbers to 40 with reasonable accuracy memorise a rhyme read and understand a range of familiar written phrases use their knowledge of grammar to build sentences understand the main points of a report give a weather report describing the day, date, weather and appropriate clothing 	Il neige It's snowing Il gèle It's freezing Quand il te faut When you need moins minus Iundi 5 juin, etc Monday 5th June, etc Ie 5 juin, etc the 5th June, etc Additional language for this unit un manteau a coat un chapeau a hat un parapluie an umbrella une écharpe a scarf des gants gloves des bottes boots des lunettes de soleil sunglasses Additional language for teachers Qu'est-ce qu'il te faut? What do you need? Il fait quelle temperature? What temperature is it? Quelle est la date? What's the date? Voici la météo Here is the weather report aujourd'hui today	• Children work in groups or pairs. give a weather report describing the day, date, weather and appropriate clothing

Year Unit Title Group	Oracy Objectives (o) Literacy(L) Knowledge about language(KaL) Lang &Learning strategies (LLS)	Learning Outcome	Core Language	End Product
 6 Monter un café Creating a café (QCA 21) Drinks, snacka and ice creams. This unit would be best at the end of year 6 as a celebration of what they have learnt. They can run a café with real food for the opposite class or withit classes. Linked to Tout le monde level 4 module 5 for shopping for food 	 made about a spoken passage. O 6.2 Perform to an audience recite a short piece of narrative either from memory or by reading aloud from text develop a sketch, role-play or presentation and perform to the class or an assembly. O 6.4 Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories participate in simple conversations on familiar topics describe incidents or tell stories from their own experience, in an audible voice. I 6.1 Read and understand the main points and some detail from a short written passage I 6.2 Identify different text types and read short, authentic texts for 	 find the meaning of unknown language on the basis of existing knowledge or by looking in a dictionary select and sort words into appropriate categories listen carefully and arrange word cards in an appropriate sequence identify some snacks and drinks from a list and pronounce these with reasonable accuracy use the perfect tense to talk about what a friend has eaten or drunk talk about the significance of cafés in people's lives recall and sing with confidence a song with several verses appreciate some similarities and differences between cultures and culinary traditions develop a role play participate in a conversation talk about prices in euros express an opinion using a complex sentence follow a simple recipe read aloud from a text perform a play with confidence 	un coca a cola un milkshake a milkshake un chocolat chaud a hot chocolate un café a (black) coffee un café a (black) coffee un café a (black) coffee un e au lait a coffee with milk un paquet de chips a packet of crisps une limonade a lemonade une eau minérale a mineral water une tasse de thé a cup of tea une portion de frites a portion of chips une pizza a pizza Il/elle a mangé He/she ate Il/elle a bu He/she drank une glace au chocolat / a chocolate/strawberry/vanilla à la fraise / à la vanille ice cream Je ne comprends pas I don't understand Répétez, s'il vous plaît Can you repeat please? (polite form) un croque-monsieur a toasted cheese and ham sandwich un croque-madame a toasted cheese, ham and egg sandwich une salade niçoise a tuna and egg salad un diabolo menthe a mint cordial with lemonade des moules-frites mussels and chips une glace au cassis / au citron / a blackcurrant/lemon/toffee/ au caramel / à la framboise / raspberry/pistachio/mint/ à la pistache / à la menthe / apricot ice cream à l'abricot Additional language for teachers Qu'est-ce que tu as mangé/ What did you eat/drink bu hier? yesterday? Qu'est-ce qu'il/elle a mangé/ What did he/she eat/drink bu hier? yesterday? Qu'est-ce qu'il y a au menu? What is on the menu? les snacks (m) the snacks les boissons (f) the drinks les glaces (f) the ice creams un verre a glass un litre a litre une cuillère à soupe a soup spoon	Use French for real purposes. Have a French café where children take in turns to be waiters and customers and to order food from a menu. (real food)

IU 6.1 Compare attitudes towards aspects of everyday life IU 6.2 Recognise and understand some of the differences between people	selo Dég	ne cuillère à café a teaspoon elon le goût according to taste égustez froid Eat or drink chilled n anglais on dit In English we say	

Year 6 have 4 new units which have a lot of new vocabulary in them. Because of SATs and other assessments for this year group I have included 3 revision topics from year 4/5, feel free to choose other units to best suit the class. Unit 21 has been put in at the end of the year so that it can be an end of year project for the classes where they run a French Café for their own or opposite class.